





# DESTRUCTION IN THE BIG STORM

## Honolulu Plantation Engineer May Have Been Drowned.

## MINUTE GUNS HEARD OFF PEARL HARBOR MAY MEAN SHIP ON REEF

## Rain Swells the Streams and the City is Flooded in Many Districts Causing Heavy Losses to Owners.

(From Wednesday's Daily)

Death and havoc rode on the storm of yesterday.

From various parts of the island come stories of devastation and missing people while Honolulu and the countryside are greatly damaged by the torrents that poured from the skies. The rainfall was unprecedented. In many places it seemed a veritable cloudburst.

The streets of the city were nearly impassable for several hours last evening and in a number of localities the water was feet deep and pedestrians were compelled to wade in water above their knees to cross the streets.

The residents along the shore heard minute guns fired between 9 and 10 o'clock last night off Black Point and word was sent to the Spreckels Towboat Company and the Fearless prepared to go to the supposed scene of shipwreck. It was guessed by those who heard the guns that some ship was on the reef. The Fearless got up steam before 11 o'clock and prepared for a rush trip but failing to get any particulars did not move.

### AT HONOLULU PLANTATION

Manager Low of Honolulu Plantation telephoned the Advertiser last night of the trouble in that vicinity.

Assistant Engineer Bill Naone is believed to be drowned.

Manager Low said "The rain from 5 o'clock was incessant and it soon became evident that we must expect plunka. It was the worst at Waimalu and in the mountains looked to be a cloudburst. The thunder and lightning was fearful and the water came down as never before.

"Houses were washed away and rice and banana patches flooded. Bridges went like twigs. I have heard of one house containing a native woman and a Japanese family which was washed down the Waimalu stream against the railroad bridge.

"Much damage was done to our plantation. We have two large pumps in a pump pit thirty feet deep and the water in the Waimalu stream overflowing filled the pit. Engineer Jim Smith our chief, who was for ten years the first assistant engineer on the Australia, was down in the pit with two Japanese oilers and Naone the night engineer, was with another oiler.

When they saw the flood was coming at half past four o'clock they had shut off the pumps and at 5:30 o'clock they descended into the pit to shut off the valve so as to check the back pressure on the engine.

"While in the pit the flood came roaring in and they struggled for their lives. Two of the air valves exploded. When the first valve went off Smith stayed on, but when the second exploded he broke for the top. Then came the water and all made desperate efforts to reach the surface.

"Naone was not seen afterward and his helper says that he did not reach the stairway. Engineer Smith thinks Naone got out before he did. We cannot find him however at his home or anywhere. We can make no search until tomorrow. Our damage to the pumps will be \$2,000. It will be at least a week or ten days before we can work the pumps again but we will have lots of water as the storm has taken care of that."

### STORM IN HONOLULU.

"I have seen but two such storms in twenty years where the floods have carried so much destruction with them," said an old resident living on River street, last evening to an Advertiser reporter who made an investigation of the damage done along the entire street and side streets. The speaker surveyed the effects of the flood which had overflowed the banks of Nuuanu stream. The first of the two storms he mentioned was in the spring of 1898 when the stream arose until the bridges were just swept with the torrent which tore down the river bed from the valleys above. The second was the one which came down last night. During the height of the freshet which was about 7 o'clock the water rose until all the bridges from King street to Vineyard were covered with a foot of water. The bridges were the means by which the surrounding country was inundated and so much property destroyed.

### KING STREET BRIDGE

At King street the bridge was mentioned for a time. Great logs of wood came floating down on the angry torrent and lodging against the heavy piles formed a mesh which threatened to dislodge them. A number of natives and Chinese lived in the flood and leaning over a railing as much of the wood as possible and thus probably averted a bridge disaster there. Aala Park was under water and the flood which came down the streets filled every available depression in the surrounding property. St. Louis College was in a miniature lake. The entire premises were flooded and the buildings stood out of the ponds lonely and desolate. Gardens

were swept away and many little yards in which housewives had spent much of their time raising flowers and small plants, have been uprooted and destroyed.

### THE NUUANU STREAM

Where the Pauoa stream turns into Nuuanu stream, just below Kukui street, the water had come down with such force and in such volume that the old culvert which runs under River street was undermined and a large portion of it fell in, making it an exceedingly dangerous place for vehicle traffic. The police and street departments were notified and danger lanterns placed over the culvert shortly after 8 o'clock last evening.

Kukui street bridge showed the effects of the overflow. It was covered with the silt and debris of the streets and valleys. Masses of ferns clung to the stringers and lay upon the bridge. Gangs of Japanese and natives who lived on the Ewa side of the bridge performed heroic work in preventing the overflow from completely inundating their homes in the vicinity. They filled gunny sacks with mud, earth and sand and formed an embankment two feet high across the road and joining the stone wall along the river bank makai of the bridge, thus turning the overflow into the stream below the bridge. Hundreds of the residents along the river bank turned out with shovels and picks, and clad only in single garments. They ran about barelegged piling up the sacks, lanterns and thus stayed the full effect of the rush of waters into their homes. As it was, the houses on both sides of Kukui street were under water as far as the first floor was concerned. In some yards which were below the surface of the street there was nearly three feet of water.

### ON VINEYARD STREET

At Vineyard and River streets and in the row of stores from Kukui to Vineyard street, the greatest damage was done. Without any warning the water shot over the Vineyard street bridge on the Walkiki side and, sweeping down River street three feet and more in depth, filled the stores with two feet of water. In one store 10,000 firecrackers and several hundred bags of rice were made useless. In others great boxes of tea piled upon the floor were destroyed. Matting in rolls, cigars, tobacco and all manner of Oriental goods were destroyed. The Chinese and Japanese storekeepers had no estimate of the damage done, but it is understood to reach thousands of dollars. The flood spread to Holstein's place and covered the premises with a waste of water. All of the burned district, and especially what was known during plague times as block 15 (behind Kaumakani Church), was transformed into a small lake, into which poured the turbulent waters of Pauoa stream, usually a slow going stream but last night a roaring freshet.

### TORRENTS OF WATER

At the Ewa end of Vineyard street bridge the street department has raised the street line several feet above the premises on either side. At this point the river wall slopes downward until it makes a depression of at least three feet below the rest of the wall. The waters poured over this low wall into the premises of the street, and filled his stable with three feet of water. The high street vented the flood from making any headway on the makai side.

Great torrents came rushing Vineyard street from Ewa-wards, sweeping over on the mauka side away part of the roadway and undermining the supports of many buildings and stables on the sidewalk. The case on this street performed the same work as their counterparts had done at Kukui street bridge. They ran a long embankment made of bags filled with earth augmented by heavy planking, down the street and turned the waters into a middle and thence upon the bridge into the stream. Near the stone embankment the earth was extremely dangerous, giving way under the least pressure and precipitating several of the workmen knee deep in the holes. On the Walkiki side of the stream above the Vineyard street bridge the sidewalk was undermined and the earth beneath the embankment gave way. The sidewalk disappeared into the stream, the stone wall forming a perfect arch. At the Judd street culvert there was considerable danger to the new structure on account of the false work beneath being exposed to the torrent. The street department intended taking away the false work today but they were saved the trouble. The torrent swept the timbers down the stream and into the sea. The culvert was not damaged.

### WHAT CAMPBELL SAYS

Marston Campbell, Road Supervisor made a tour of the City last evening to ascertain the extent of the damage done. In Palama he found most of the district inundated. Many of the houses had a foot of water resting on the floors. In Kewalo the entire district was a wallow of mud and dirty water which had collected from every street in the city. Walkiki of Fort street. Not a house there escaped. The sewer trenches became the natural beds of water-course during the storm and were washed away or filled in with a deposit of mud. Kakaako was served in the same manner as Kewalo. Along Beretania and King streets he found filth and mud spread thickly. He will put all the teams possible on these thoroughfares today to scrape off the debris.

Fort street was an object lesson by which the Government should profit. During the storm at noon and the one in the evening the street was filled with a rushing freshet from curb to curb, most of which was diverted into Queen street, which became impassable for pedestrians. Mr Campbell says that the freshet on Fort street and the terrible condition of King streets should cause the Government to put in catch basins to carry off the surface water.

Walkiki received its share of rain and valley freshets. It is a peculiar coincidence that the storm which occurred last year on March 5, while the Princess Kalanui was hovering between life and death, and which inundated Honolulu district under a sheet of water, should be repeated yesterday, the anniversary of her birth. The cellar of Hart & Co. in the Elite building, was flooded last evening, but the water was pumped into the cesspool later in the evening.

The Queen's Hospital premises were flooded. A torrent nearly two feet deep rushed down Miller street, joining another which came down Beretania street, and both turned into the beautiful premises. There was no opportunity for pedestrians to cross from one street to another in any of the district above Beretania street. Much of the damage to property will be in the deposits of mud and silt. A telephone message from Pearl City last night there had been a light, refreshing rain which the residents appreciated.

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# THE MAN IS DEAD, THE WOMAN DYING

## Benjamin Steigemann Shoots Himself and Wife.

## STARTLING TRAGEDY ENACTED LAST NIGHT IN THE HONOLULU HOTEL

## Small Storekeeper Seeks Revenge for Desertion After Ineffectually Pleading for a Return to His Home.

(From Wednesday's Daily)

AT 12:40 THIS MORNING BENJAMIN STEIGEMANN DIED. HIS WIFE STILL LINGERED AND IT IS THOUGHT THAT SHE WOULD LAST THROUGH THE NIGHT.

Maddened by the refusal of his wife to leave the paramour for whom she had deserted her home Benjamin Steigemann went last evening to the apartment which the woman has occupied for some days with her partner in crime and shot her in the back. Then he turned the revolver on himself.

Mrs. Steigemann is lying at the Queen's Hospital with two bullet wounds in her body and the doctors who were operating upon her at midnight gave little hope of her recovery. Steigemann has a bullet in his brain and his recovery seems impossible.

It was at 8:05 o'clock last evening that the dwellers in the Honolulu Hotel on Nuuanu street near Vineyard were startled by the sound of three revolver shots in rapid succession and the screams of a woman coupled with the shouts of a man. Proprietor Art McDowell ran upstairs and to the end of the long hall which runs from the front to the back of the building. In room 14 on the makai side at the rear end of the hall he found two people, a man and a woman, lying on the floor bleeding sorely from wounds which seemed that they would be almost instantly fatal. While an old man stood over the woman wringing his hands and crying out volubly in German to her, or alternately shrieking for help.

The room was all in disorder. The man lay with his head half against the wall and the blood bubbled from his lips and all the wall above him was spattered with it, and in his fall he had swept down the ornaments which had hung there and they lay under him. The woman was beside him on her face, in deshabille as though she had been aroused from bed to receive him. Her clothes lay scattered about the room. The door which led onto the veranda was securely fastened with a chair back under the knob as though she feared that someone might enter by it against her will. The revolver lay beside the man within reach of his hand, as if it had but just fallen from it. A glance was enough for McDowell

and he rushed to the telephone and came to me and said I must come with him to see her. I didn't want to go for I knew she would not come with him, but he said I must go with him and help him to get his wife back, for the sake of his little children.

"So I closed up my store and we went up to the place where she had been staying with this other fellow. We went to her door for her husband knew just where to find her and I knocked. She asked who was there and I said that I wanted to come in. She started to open the door and then I said that her husband wished to talk to her. At first she refused but finally she let us in. Her husband talked to her for a long time and urged her with tears in his eyes to come back to her home. Finally she said that she would come back in the morning but that he must go away for tonight. They did not quarrel, but Steigemann got up and was going to leave.

"I had opened the door and was summoned the police and told briefly of the tragedy which had occurred. In a few moments the patrol wagon was at hand with a detail of officers. After a single look at the situation it was seen that both the victims must be removed for treatment if either were to live and they were placed upon stretchers and taken to the Queen's Hospital as rapidly as possible. With them went the old man who was found in the room with the two, for he vowed that he would not be separated from his daughter, crying out when the officers wished to take him to the Police station that the woman was his daughter, that he would go where she went and they should not take him away from her.

At the hospital it was discovered very quickly that both Steigemann and his wife were very seriously wounded. Dr. Emerson ascertained that the man had a wound in the right side of the forehead where a bullet had evidently entered and at the back of the head just level with the lobe of the left ear was a protuberance which seemed to show the location of the bullet. An examination of Mrs. Steigemann showed two wounds in her back on the right side. One of these was badly powder-burned showing that the weapon had been held close to her body, while the other which was a little higher and nearer to the spinal column was not so severely burned. Above the left breast was a ragged wound and from this a 35-calibre bullet fell as the woman was undressed.

The man bled frightfully and his condition was very serious.

(Continued on Page 3)



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The New England Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Boston.  
The Aetna Fire Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn.  
The Alliance Assurance Co. of London.



THERESA—"Hurry up Bobby, we must be in Washington to get in our work on the Crown Lands ahead of the Queen."



# THE MAN IS DEAD, THE WOMAN IS DYING

(Continued from Page 1.)

dition was such that it seemed impossible that he should live for more than a few moments, while the woman's case was less desperate, for she suffered but little pain and lay in a sort of lethargy on the receiving table, looking occasionally wide-eyed and frightened to the couch where her husband lay moaning and crying out, his face scarcely recognizable from blood and the discoloration due to internal hemorrhage.

Beside the woman stood the old man who called himself her father. He held her hand lovingly and spoke to her softly at intervals in German, telling her to keep up her courage and that she would be all right. When the doctors took her into the operating room the disconsolate old man wished to follow but he was refused and he stood in the hall all through the time his daughter was upon the operating table and tearless and dry-eyed waited for the result.

"My daughter could not live with that man, her husband," he said, "he treated her bad, he did, and she was going to get a divorce from him as soon as she could. A week ago I think it was she left him and she went to live with this other fellow, I know not his name, I never heard her tell it. But tonight her man, this man Steigemann, ing out, so my back was toward him, when I heard some shots. I don't know how many. I turned quick and I see my daughter fall, and then her husband fell too. I cried for help, and then the officers come."

"You are sure that Steigemann shot your daughter, are you?" was asked.

"I don't know. I only saw them fall. It all happened so quick that I did not know whether he did or not. It was all over before I could turn around. I don't even know how many times he fired."

While Mrs. Steigemann lay on the table in the receiving room at the hospital a dramatic scene occurred. She had evinced no curiosity and no feeling for her husband, who lay almost within reach, groaning and evidently close to death. But as her eyes roved about the room she caught a glimpse through the open window of two figures on the veranda looking in. The woman strove to raise herself, but sank back with a groan.

"Oh, Mr. Strauss! Mr. Strauss!" she cried, "go and get my friend, Mr. Berry. I want to see him; get him for me."

Strauss replied to her in French urging her to answer him in that tongue.

"No, no," she went on eagerly, still in English, "get my friend Berry. Tell him to come to me. He lives on Hotel street next to where the Young Building stood in that row of stages there. They will tell you about him there; tell him to come quick."

Then Mr. Eckhardt closed the window and the woman sank into a lethargy from which she did not awaken until she was taken to the operating room, where Doctors Cooper, McDonald and Emerson probed unsuccessfully for the bullet which still remained in the body. They found that the two shots had seriously injured the woman internally but whether the wounds would result fatally could not be ascertained. She seemed to be suffering little pain, save when she was moved, and after endeavoring in vain to find the bullet, the doctors judged it best to give up the search.

The catalogue to the tragedy has been a short one.

In August Steigemann went to San Francisco, leaving his wife in charge of the little shop which the couple conducted on King street, just Ewa of the store of W. W. Diamond & Co. He made a business trip and his wife during his absence lived at their little home.

Upon his return he met his wife, but there had come a marked change in her. Formerly they were a loving couple and with their two children had lived happily together. She was distant and showed a tendency to keep apart from him. He wondered at her strange action, for they had been married several years, both coming from the land of the Jewish race—he from Jerusalem and she from Jaffa.

He asked her why this change in her once loving disposition toward him came about.

Then came the truth.

She did not desire to live longer with him. She would remain apart. For what reason?

And then came the cruellest blow the husband had ever dreamed of in all their married bliss. The answer came straight from her lips, and without a blush of shame, that she had been living with a man in his absence. For this reason she asked him to get a divorce from her.

The husband came from her presence staggered by the story of infidelity which she had related. He went back to her and begged her not to take the step which she had pointed out was the one she most desired.

He told her of his love for her and their children and brought before her mind's eye the tenets of the Jewish religion which forbade such a course being taken. He told her that if she would return to him he would condone her fault and make it a thing of the past.

Then it was she turned upon him and said that a man was not a man who would condone a sin such as she had committed. Again and again the husband attempted to effect a reconciliation, but it was of no avail. She spurned his proffers of love and fidelity and vowed that she had made up her mind to be delivered from him and could not be turned from her purpose.

One night last week two well-known attorneys were walking up Nuuanu street and at the corner of Nuuanu and Kukui they met a man dressed in a pair of trousers and an undershirt. He was wild-eyed and in a state of excitement. It was Steigemann.

He knew the attorneys and wildly asked how many years a man would get in prison for shooting his wife. The attorneys calmed him down and he then related the story of his family troubles.

His wife, he said, was living in the Honolulu Hotel with the man she had named as her paramour, and he wanted to shoot them both. Steigemann was taken to the attorney's room, which was near by, and a search was made of him, but no weapons were found. They told him to come to their office the next day, which he did. There the full story was told. He said his wife had confessed to him over and over again that she loved one Berry and that she wanted a divorce from her husband. The confession was made in the presence of her father.

He proposed that his wife be arrested for adultery and prosecuted on that charge. This the attorneys refused to do, stating they would not prosecute a woman,

an, but if he wished to have papers drawn up for a divorce they would act for him. He did not wish to do this, and made threats that he would kill his wife if she would let her live with the paramour whom she had named.

On Monday Steigemann came to the office of the attorneys and told them that he could do nothing with his wife. The attorneys went with him to see Mrs. Steigemann, who had taken up a residence at the Honolulu Hotel, on Nuuanu street near Vineyard street, on Sunday. She had one room—No. 14. One of the attorneys pleaded with her to return to her husband. He knew her every persuasion known to him, and especially the teachings of her religion, but to no purpose.

Yesterday morning the papers for the trial of divorce were prepared and Steigemann in the afternoon came up to see them. He even paid over to the attorneys the money necessary to bring the suit. He wanted them filed at once, believing that the confession his wife had made was a true one and that there was no need for further delay. The attorneys told him to make one further attempt at a reconciliation and make use of certain Hebrew persuasions which are generally of the utmost effect in such cases.

Mrs. Steigemann was educated in the Girls' School at Jaffa, established by Baron Hirsch, and given all the education which the Jewish maidens receive in a school so well endowed by the great philanthropist. The husband was educated at Jerusalem in the agricultural school established by Baron Rothschild. She is young, not more than 23 years old.

It is said that Mrs. Steigemann consulted an attorney as to her side of the case and upon learning that in the event of a suit for divorce being instituted against her on the charge of adultery, she would lose the control and custody of her children, she stated that the confession she had made of adultery with Berry was trumped up and there was no truth in it.

The man Berry could not be found by the police last evening, although they have been searching for him ever since the shooting occurred. It is possible that his name may be spelled in the German fashion, "Behre," although no such man is known in the city.

Proprietor McDowell states that Mrs. Steigemann and Berry came to his place on Saturday evening and announced their divorce as man and wife and secured a room there. He suspected nothing until on Sunday Steigemann came and his wife and he had a long quarrel and Steigemann went away alone. On Monday evening Berry did not come there and when he saw Mrs. Steigemann next, McDowell told her that she would have to leave the house. Mrs. Steigemann said she would go as soon as she could find another place. He did not see Berry again save for a moment yesterday morning, when he and Mrs. Steigemann came in together, Berry going out again shortly afterwards.

Mrs. Steigemann's father for several years kept a small store on King street just Ewa of the little alleyway leading to the postoffice. His daughter and her two little children were often to be seen sitting in the doorway of the place. Until a few weeks ago Steigemann was in partnership in this little place, but they had business differences and the old gentleman gave up his interest in the place and moved to the other side of King street just opposite the Union Grill. The old gentleman was exceedingly averse to notoriety and refused utterly to give his name either to the newspaper men or to the police.

# METEOROLOGICAL SEPTEMBER RECORD

Temperature mean for the month, 78.4 Fahrenheit; normal, 77.5, average daily maximum, 85.3, average daily minimum, 73.7, average daily range, 11.6, greatest daily range, 16 degrees; least daily range, 8 degrees; highest temperature, 87, lowest, 69. The whole summer has had an average temperature of 1.5 above the normal, which is a large difference for this latitude.

Barometer average, 29.953; normal, 29.963 (corrected for gravity, .06); highest, 30.08, lowest, 29.85; greatest 24-hour change, .06. The barometer has been low throughout the summer, which may indicate heavy rains for the winter.

Relative humidity, 67.2 per cent; normal, 68.4, mean dew point, 66.8; normal, 66.2, absolute moisture, 7.20 grains per cubic foot; normal, 7.06.

Rainfall, 1.55 inches; normal, 2.05, rain record days, 22; normal, 18. Greatest fall in one day, 0.48. Luakaha rainfall, 8.25; Kapiolani Park, 4.66. The Artesian well level fell very slightly from 32.90 to 32.55 feet above mean sea level.

Trade wind days, 26 (two of north-northeast); normal number of trade wind days, 26. Average force of wind, 14.6 on the scale, 2.6. Cloudiness, tenths of sky, 3.8; normal, tenths of sky, 4.0.

Approximate percentages of district rainfall as compared with normal: Hilo, 65 per cent; Hamakua, 35 per cent; Kohala, 50; Waimea, 70; Kona, 150; Kau, 25; Puna, 60 to 100; Maui, 100; Oahu, 50 to 120; Kauai, 60 to 100 per cent.

Average temperature: Pepeekeo, Hilo, 10, feet elevation, mean maximum, 82.7; mean minimum, 70.3; Waimea, Hawaii, 2,730 elevation, 78.7 and 65.9; Kohala, 555 elevation, 85.2 and 72.5; Kea'aukua, 1,585 elevation, at 6 a. m., —; Paia, 150 elevation, highest, — lowest, —; Kulokahuu (W. R. Castle's), 60 feet elevation, highest, 87; lowest, 69.5; average, 78.3; Kilauea, Kauai, 325 feet elevation, average maximum, 82.4; average minimum, 72.6.

CURTIS J. LYONS, Meteorologist.

# RAINFALL FOR SEPTEMBER

(From Reports to Weather Bureau.)

Stations—	Elev.	Rain.
(Feet.)	(In.)	
Waialeale	50	6.92
Hilo (town)	100	5.69
Kaunapali	1250	8.61
Pepeekeo	100	7.78
Haleakala	200	
Honolulu		5.62
Laysan	500	2.13
Kauai	250	2.21
Panaloa	750	1.06
Panauhau (Moore)	200	0.70
Panauhau (Greig)	1150	0.73
Honokaa (Muir)	425	0.77
Honokaa (Rickard)	1900	0.72
Kukuihuele	700	0.58
Awini Ranch	1100	2.00
Niihau	200	2.79
Kohala (Parsonage)	350	1.45
Kohala (Mission)	585	1.07
Kohala (Sugar Co.)	234	1.53
Hawai	300	
Hawai	600	
Waimea	3720	0.87
Kailua	950	8.50
Kealahou	1580	
Naalehu	650	0.48
Naalehu	1350	
Naalehu	1725	
Honouapo	15	0.00
Hilea	310	0.10
Pahala	850	
Moaula	400	2.85
Volcano House	4092	
Olaa (Russell)	1700	8.05
Waipahoehoe	2500	
Kapoho	110	0.10
Poholiki	10	6.27
Kalapana	8	2.60

# MAUI

Olowalu	15	0.09
Waipae Ranch	700	0.00
Kaupo (Mokulau)	285	4.98
Kipahulu	390	1.85
Hamao Plantation	60	2.02
Nahiku	60	7.28
Nahiku	900	8.17
Nahiku	700	2.05
Kula (Von Tempisky)	4900	
Kula (Kealahou)	2900	
Puomalele	1400	1.64
Paia	180	0.76
Haleakala Ranch	2000	

# LANAI

Maunalei (Keomuku)	6	0.40
OAHU.		
Punahou (W. Bureau)	50	1.55
Kulaokahuu	50	1.17
Kewalo (King street)	15	0.69
Makiki Reservoir	150	0.78
Kapiolani Park	10	0.05
School Street (Bishop)	50	2.74
Inuane Asylum	30	1.56
Pacific Heights	700	4.21
Nuuanu (W. W. Hall)	50	2.52
Nuuanu (Wylie street)	250	4.74
Nuuanu (Elec. Stn.)	475	4.49
Nuuanu, Luakaha	850	8.25
Manoa (Woodlawn D.)	255	5.07
Manoa Hill	225	2.40
Keeleche	100	2.28
Waianae	25	0.62
Ahihimanu	350	6.62
Kahuku	25	1.22
Ewa Plantation	60	
Waipahu	200	0.00
Wahiawa	900	0.32

# KAUAI

Lihue (Grove Farm)	200	2.19
Lihue (Mokulua)	300	2.24
Lihue (Kukana)	1000	3.83
Kilauea	100	1.44
Halealei	10	5.03
Walawa	32	3.32

# RECORDS NOT HITHERTO PUBLISHED—AUGUST.

Kohala (Sugar Co.)	4.07
Awini Ranch	5.69

C. J. LYONS, Meteorologist Government Survey.

N. B.—Observers are requested to forward their reports promptly at the end of each month, that they may appear in the published report on the 15th of the following month.

# CAME NEAR DYING.

"For three days and nights I suffered agony untold from an attack of cholera morbus brought on by eating cucumbers," says M. E. Lowther, clerk of the district court, Centerville, Iowa. "I thought I should surely die, and tried a dozen different remedies, but to no purpose. I sent for a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and three doses relieved me entirely. I went to sleep and did not awake for eight hours. On awakening a few hours ago I felt so gratified that the first work I did on getting to the office is to write to the manufacturers of this remedy and offer them my grateful thanks and say, 'God bless you and the splendid medicine you make.' This remedy is for sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents, Hawaiian Territory.

# WAIHAWA SUGAR COMPANY IS SUED

B. F. Dillingham Asks the Specific Performance of a Contract.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

As an outgrowth of the various troubles of the Wahiawa Sugar Company, a suit was begun yesterday against the company by B. F. Dillingham for the specific performance of the contract by virtue of which the company leases its land.

According to the complaint on Aug. 27th, 1898, Dillingham entered into a contract with James R. Holt, Jr., and others, whereby he agreed to lease the Halemano Ranch lands, 12,000 acres in extent at a price of \$5,000 a year. In February, 1899, the contract was formally accepted by Dillingham, he says, but in April of the same year James R. Holt, Jr., and the others who joined with him in the first contract, executed a lease of the same lands to John Emmeluth for the term of forty-nine years, and by the terms Emmeluth gained the right to an undivided 5-27ths of the lands. Emmeluth well knew of the existence of the other contract and that it was binding on all the parties to it, says the complainant.

The complaint goes on to recite that on Feb. 20th, 1900, Emmeluth assigned his lease to the Wahiawa Sugar Company and at that time both parties to this assignment knew of the contract which had existed and still existed between Dillingham and the Holts.

It is asked that the sugar company be compelled to make and deliver to Dillingham a lease of the interests acquired through Emmeluth and that the Holts be compelled to specifically perform the terms of the original contract between them.

# TOOGOOD IS IN WAILUKU.

A second return was made yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth in the divorce suit brought by Henrietta Toogood against Albert Toogood. In the former return it was stated that Toogood was out of the jurisdiction of the court but he was subsequently found in Wailuku, Maui.

# MRS. WIDEMANN'S ESTATE.

F. W. Macfarlane has applied to the Circuit Court for the allowance of the final accounts of the trustees of the estate of Mrs. Mary W. Widemann. The accounts show expenditures of \$3679.26 and receipts of the same amount.

The contract for the building of the Pacific cable according to a Melbourne, Australia dispatch, has been formally awarded to the Telegraph Construction and Maintenance Company, whose offer to do the work was for £1,836,000 sterling. They are to finish the work of construction within eighteen months of the signing of the contract.

# SHOES THAT WEAR!

No Better Shoes on the Market Than the . . . .

# Jas. A. Banister Shoes.

These Shoes are made from the best of leather and to do service. There are many Shoes and Shoes, but the JAS. A. BANISTER SHOES are the only shoes

# MANUFACTURERS OF SHOES COMPANY

# The Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd.

We are Sole Agents for

# Willcox & Gibbs NEW AUTOMATIC Sewing Machines.

The manufacturers of this machine have sold their goods to no one in the islands excepting our firm. Parties representing that they have the Willcox & Gibbs machine for sale are trying to palm off on an unsuspecting a public very inferior article which resembles the Automatic in every way but in being Automatic in action. The Willcox & Gibbs is the only Automatic Sewing Machine in the world. So called Automatics sold by parties other than us or our agents are frauds. Do not let yourself be talked into buying a machine that is just the same as the Willcox & Gibbs New Automatic, because it is cheaper.

# Pacific Hardware Company, LIMITED.

Household Department  
Bethel Street.

# HOPP & CO.—J. HOPP & CO.

The Best at the Lowest Price at HOPP'S.

# Beauvais Axminster... RUGS

In an exceedingly rich line of patterns, both modern and Oriental. All the regular sizes up to and including carpet sizes.

# Down Cushions

In down or silk floss, made to order, any size.

# Mahogany Cabinets

Very handsome, highly polished, and just the article for a well furnished room.

# Bedroom Sets

In many different woods. Call and inspect, even if you do not care to order.

# Oak Parlor Seats

These seats are really beautiful made from the best of oak, and guaranteed for long service.

# Upholstering A SPECIALTY.

# J. Hopp & Co.

LEADING FURNITURE DEALERS

King and Bethel Sts.

J. HOPP & CO.—J. HOPP & CO.

# Metropolitan Meat Company

NO. 507 KING ST.  
HONOLULU, H. I.

# Shipping and Family Butchers.

NAVY CONTRACTORS.

G. J. WALLER, Manager.

Highest Market Rates paid for Hides, Skins and Tallow. Purveyors to Oceanic and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.



### WILCOX AND THE NATIVES.

Robert Wilcox talks of the services he has rendered the natives, but he fails to make it clear what those services, civil or military, ever brought them.

"I am the only man in Hawaii who knows anything about military tactics," says the modest Garibaldian. Indeed? Then why did he not offer them to the natives and their Queen at the time when her throne was in peril and a hundred or two armed men with Charley Wilson—a leader with more courage in his little finger than Wilcox has in his whole carcass—was making a list of and for the monarchy at the Police station? In the troublous times of 1893 Wilcox, the self-styled native leader, was conspicuously harmless. We do not recall whether he was hiding in a gas tank or the crater of Diamond Head; we only know that some three weeks after the overthrow he appeared in the drill shed and made an annexation speech.

When the Hawaiians were importuning Col. Blount in behalf of the dynasty where was Wilcox?

When delegations were going to Washington to appeal to President Cleveland, where was Wilcox?

Was he here acting as a spy? We ask the question because the late Marshal Hitchcock then employed Mrs. Wilcox to bring him information about the inside workings of the Royalist party. Did Wilcox help consume the profits of this treachery?

The truth is that the Wilcox pair have been the evil genius of the natives ever since they entered public life. Wilcox got out of the trouble he led them into in 1893 by laying the blame on the King, his Alii. His blundering revolution of 1895 got the Queen and a host of her friends imprisoned. And now he is debating whether to sell out or to try and go to Washington and lobby for the Crown Lands claim with which Mrs. Wilcox hopes to deprive the Queen of what Liliuokalani considers to be her own just possessions.

A vote cast for Wilcox is one which no self-respecting Hawaiian could remember in his cooler moments without a blush of shame. Surely there is some one more representative of Hawaiian manhood than this skulking creature who never led the natives to anything but the quicksand and the precipice and then sent them on ahead.

### AN ISSUE FROM THE TOMB.

The idea that the Constitution follows the flag is an exploded Democratic fallacy. Democrats invented it in proslavery times to support the introduction of human bondage into the new Territories and Republicans opposed it in the interests of human freedom. When they got the chance Republicans provided, in the text of the thirteenth amendment to the Constitution, for a recognition of the sovereignty of the flag over regions where the privileges of citizenship are at the same time withheld from the inhabitants. Alaska was taken and held for years as an American pseudo-colony where even the right to have a Legislature was denied. And there is no legislative or municipal organization in Alaska now, the government being that of public sentiment and the military.

The President and Congress, by recognizing a transition colonial government in Hawaii for two years; in recognizing an indefinite colonial government in Porto Rico ever since its annexation; and in governing the Philippines without the assent of their inhabitants, acts upon the Republican interpretation of the organic law. That interpretation is buttressed by many decisions of the Federal bench. It is contradicted only in any important way, by the decisions rendered by a Democratic Supreme Court in the days before the war.

### THE QUEEN'S HOSPITAL.

The Queen's Hospital needs money and ought to have it. At the same time the institution is badly placed and is so utterly out of date in the matter of its buildings and equipment as to deprive it of some of that interested public sympathy which might get help for it from the Legislature.

If it is possible to sell the land where the hospital is now placed enough money might be realized from it to build a modern structure for which the Government could perhaps be induced to donate a site on some of its higher lands where such a hospital ought to go. Down on the low levels where a breeze rarely lifts the leaves of the too-numerous shade trees, where it does not run off the ground and where heat, humidity and mosquitoes abound is a wretched place for a hospital. Of course in the old days when the high ground was not accessible and when the Bertania and Punchbowl neighborhoods was not shut out from the breezes, there was an excuse for choosing that site. There may have been other strong reasons. As things are now the hills are in touch with the city through a fine road system and rapid transit is on the way. A site somewhere back of the Makiki reservoir or on the Punchbowl slope would be ideal. The objection of distance from the center of the city might be met by having a small receiving hospital down town for emergency cases. At any rate the move to a better site and the acquisition of proper buildings ought to be much-providing the charter of the Queen's Hospital would permit the necessary transfer of old realty. If not it is quite in order to have a new hospital under other auspices.

The Chinese court does not propose to take any foreign risks and is about to move further into the wilds of Shensi. It is probable that a new capital will be founded, as Peking is too near

# ALL HONOLULU SOCIETY SAW THE HAPPY COUPLE WEDDED



ALL Honolulu society flocked to St. Andrew's Cathedral last evening to witness the wedding of Frederick C. Smith and Miss Alice E. Wall.

It was one of the most notable society events of the opening of the season and was the prettiest wedding that has taken place for some time past in this City.

The grey old church seemed scarcely itself so gaily had it been decked out for the occasion. The whole chancel had been buried in palms and flowering plants and the massive pillars were all wreathed with green ivy, while overhead had been draped with white chiffon covered with a green tracery of ferns.

The decorations were most tasteful throughout and were under the care of Mrs. J. M. Riggs, Miss Lily Paty and Miss Kathleen Ward.

The church was filled to the doors with the guests and friends of the bride and groom before 8 o'clock struck, while out of doors hundreds who had been unable to obtain admission, men in evening dress and ladies in light

gowns stood in the semi-darkness where the light streamed from the doors and looked and watched.

It was a few moments after 8 o'clock when Wray Taylor at the great organ struck up the soft strains of the Wedding March from "Lohengrin" and all necks were craned for the first view of the wedding party.

First came the ushers, Walter E. Wall and A. F. Wall, brothers of the bride, and R. W. Shingle and W. H. Babbitt, then the maid of honor, Miss Sadie Carter.

She was followed by little Miss Muriel Howatt, a sweet little one with flowing flaxen hair, strewn flowers in the path of the bride. Miss Wall came next leaning on the arm of her brother, T. E. Wall.

She was clad in a simple but rich gown of white silk with long flowing veil. Following her was little Master Douglas Damon as page.

At the chancel the wedding party was joined by the groom with his best man Walter Dillingham and Rev. Alexander Lee.

The ushers proceeded to the choir while the groom stepped to the side of his bride and the ceremony began.

While the impressive words were being spoken which made them man and wife, Paul Egry played softly from the embowered chancel the intermezzo from Cavalleria Rusticana accompanied on the organ by Wray Taylor.

A triumphal hymn sung by the choir marked the end of the ceremony and the procession reformed and proceeded to the altar rail where the benediction was pronounced.

Afterwards Rev. Mr. Lee led the way to the vestryroom where bride and groom and the members of the wedding party signed the register.

The return to the church was heralded by the glad strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March and the entire congregation rose as Mr. and Mrs. Smith preceded by the diminutive page and flower girl walked down the central aisle to the carriage that awaited them at the door.

After the wedding there was a supper at the residence of Mrs. Elizabeth Wall on King street and at 9 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Smith went by special train to Mokuia, the country home of B. F. Dillingham, where they will spend their honeymoon, returning to this City in the course of a few weeks.

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## "Example is Better Than Precept."

It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story. Thousands of testimonials are examples of what Hood's has done for others, and what it will do for you.

Dyspepsia—"A complication of troubles, dyspepsia, chronic catarrh and inflammation of the stomach, rheumatism, etc., made me miserable. Had no appetite until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla—which cured me." N. B. Seelye, 1574 W. 14th Ave., Denver, Colorado.

N. B. Be sure to get Hood's because

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## CHINESE CRISIS IN BRIEF ITEMS

The British will hold Shan-hai-Kwan. The Russians have evacuated the summer palace.

The French are provoking riots in Yunan province.

Eight thousand German soldiers will winter in Peking.

Half the Japanese army in China will soon be withdrawn.

There is renewed persecution of Christians in Shantung.

Wholesale massacres by Russians are reported from the Amur.

The powers may destroy the Chinese fleet in Formosa Straits.

Li Hung Chang will go to Peking with a Russian bodyguard.

Ching Wan 'ao, a Chinese port, has been occupied by the British.

After its capture Moukden was burned and looted by the Russians.

The United States and Great Britain are now in diplomatic relations with China.

Prince Tuan's successors are liberal minded men from the province of Manchuria.

Russians will give the Peking-Tientsin railroad over to German management.

Chang Au, the ancient capital of China, may be re-occupied by the Imperial family.

The Chinese court will go further inland and remain for a time in Shen-si province.

The Empress Dowager was reported, on October 7th, to be seriously ill in the province of Shan-si.

The spirit of the Chinese court, in the conduct of the peace negotiations, is as anti-foreign as ever.

England is the only one of the powers that has not agreed to the German proposals in regard to China.

The American signal corps beat all other detachments to Peking, and had the first wire working into Peking. The Japanese were next.

The order made by General Chaffee for the surrender of all the property held by the Americans along the water front at Tien-Tsin has been revoked.

It is reported in St. Petersburg, according to the correspondent of the Times at the Russian capital, that the Chinese fleet in Formosa Straits attempted to engage the Russian armored cruiser Rurik, but the latter's speed frustrated the plan.

Li Hung Chang has ordered the release and safe escort to Peking of five Belgian engineers and fifteen mission-aries who have been kept prisoners many weeks at Pan-tung-fu. Li Hung Chang is apparently doing his utmost to please the powers.

The British river gunboat Woodcock has gone to Hankow to survey the Han river. It is significant of future events, regarding the capture of the Chinese Woodcock is surveying a landing place near the Kang Yin forts.

**MRS. STEIGEMANN DIES.**

**Victim of Murderous Assault at Honolulu Hotel Succumbs.**

Mrs. Emma Steigemann, the victim of a murderous attack by her husband at the Honolulu Hotel on Tuesday evening, died at the Queen's Hospital at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Steigemann had been gradually sinking for the previous twenty-four hours and her death was expected momentarily all during the afternoon. The end came quietly, and she did not recover consciousness prior to her passing away.

Frank Berry, the woman's paramour, did not come to the hospital yesterday. After the refusal of the hospital officials to allow him to see the woman the day before, he stayed away. Mrs. Steigemann's father was not with her when she died and it is not known when the burial will take place.

**Patrons Must Remember the United States Regulates Matters Now.**

**POSTOFFICE RULES MUST BE KEPT**

The registry department of the post-office is having considerable trouble with patrons who fail to observe the rules which the United States Postoffice Department imposes on all the post-offices under its direction.

Lois Kenake, mail superintendent of the local postoffice, states that hereafter all mail presented at the registry division must be properly stamped, the stamps for which must be purchased at the window especially designed for that purpose. No stamps will be sold upstairs in the registry division.

The rate for registering letters is 8 cents. This is the regular fee. In addition to this postage must be added according to the weight of the letter or package. Domestic rates on first-class matter is 2 cents per ounce; second-class, 1 cent for four ounces; third-class, 1 cent for two ounces; fourth-class, 1 cent per ounce.

Foreign rates on first-class is 5 cents per half ounce; second and third classes, 1 cent per two ounces. On fourth-class domestic matter, the limit of weight is placed at four pounds.

Merchandise is not allowable except true, legitimate trade samples. The limit for samples is twelve ounces. Merchandise has to be sent at first-class rates. There is no parcel post in operation, that branch of the Hawaiian service having been discontinued on June 14th.

"The United States Government has proposed to the powers to insist that Prince Tuan be beheaded; that the Emperor be induced to go to Peking to form a government of progressives, under the support of European bayonets, and that the Empress Dowager be deposed." So says a London paper.

## The Elgin

WORLD'S STANDARD FOR TIME KEEPING.

Should be in the pocket of every wearer of a Watch.

Many years' handling of Watches convinces us, that price considered, the Elgin is the most satisfactory of American Watches.

Cased in

Nickle, Silver, Gold Filled and Solid Gold.

We have a full line and sell them at right prices.

ELGINS reach us right.

ELGINS reach you right.

Elgins stand for what is right in time keeping and lasting qualities, and that is why we are right in pushing the Elgin Watch.

**H. F. WICHMAN**  
BOX 342.

**Wilder's Steamship Co. Ltd**

**S. S. KINAU,**

Freeman, master, will sail from Honolulu on Tuesdays at 12 noon, for Kaunakakai, Lahaina, Maalaea Bay, Kihel, Makana, Kawaihae, Mahukona, Lapehooe and Hilo.

Returning, will sail from Hilo on Fridays at 10 a. m., for above named ports, arriving at Honolulu on Saturdays.

**S. S. CLAUDINE,**

McDonald, master, will leave Honolulu every Tuesday at 5 p. m., touching at Lahaina, Kahului, Niihau, Hanalei, Kapaeha, Maui. Returning, touches at above named ports, arriving at Honolulu Sunday mornings.

Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, once each month.

**S. S. LEHUA,**

Sails every Monday for Kaunakakai, Kamao, Maunaloa, Kalaupapa, Lahaina, Honolulu, Olowalu. Returning, arrives at Honolulu Saturday mornings.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT NOTICE, and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom.

Consignees must be at the landings to receive their freight; this company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed.

Live stock received only at owner's risk.

This company will not be responsible for money or valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of pursers.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those failing to do so will be subject to an additional charge of twenty-five per cent.

The company will not be liable for loss of, nor injury to, nor delay in, the delivery of baggage or personal effects of the passengers or freight of ships beyond the amount of \$100, unless the value of the same be declared when received by the company and an extra charge be made therefor, at or before the issue of the ticket, and freight is paid thereon.

All employees of the company are forbidden to receive freight without delivering a shipping receipt therefor in the form prescribed by the company, and which may be seen by shippers upon application to the pursers of the company's steamers.

Shippers are notified that if freight is shipped without such receipt it will be solely at the risk of the shipper.

**C. L. WIGHT, President.**

**CAPT. T. K. CLARKE,**  
Port Superintendent.

**If the use of one of our registers**











NEWS OF WORLD  
CONDENSED

Galveston is still calling for funds. The Dreyfus case may be reopened. The Russians now occupy Moukden. A coal shortage now threatens Nome. Political riots are reported from Porto Rico.

New York betting is three to one on McKinley.

Governor Roosevelt got an ovation in Nebraska.

Wayne McVeigh has refused to support Bryan.

Guam has been made an independent naval station.

Bryan is making no progress in the pivotal States.

Actor M. B. Curtis, "Sam'l of Posen," is a bankrupt.

The Idaho Soldiers' Home has been destroyed by fire.

The Porto Rico still neglects to pay the American indemnity.

Kansas is expected to go Republican by heavy majorities.

The population of Tacoma is 37,114, a gain in ten years of 1,798.

A new case of plague was discovered at Glasgow on October 8.

The Gold Democrats have issued an address arraigning Bryan.

Judge John Olney, the last Lincoln elector, is dead at Chicago.

Several villages have been swept away by floods in Mexico.

Buddie, the famous horseman, has lost his wife by divorce.

D Appleton & Co have reorganized with a capital of \$3,000,000.

A fatal case of bubonic plague has occurred at Llandaff, Wales.

Commodore Ogden, a famous San Francisco yachtsman, is dead.

Lord Roberts will return to England the latter part of this month.

E. W. Wilson, formerly of Boise City, Idaho, is missing in San Diego.

The Peary expedition is said to have reached Goothen in Greenland.

The original Wellington coal mines in British Columbia are exhausted.

The Southern Pacific Company has bought eighty new locomotives.

Gold ore assaying \$30,000 to the ton, has been found in New Mexico.

Chairman Jones thinks Bryan can win without New York or Illinois.

Roosevelt's special train arrived at Chicago from St. Louis, October 10.

A relief column sent out by General MacArthur fails to find Shields' men.

A French baron is to wed the rich widow of one of the London Barings.

Sir Thomas Lipton cornered pork in Chicago, and it jumped \$2 in one day.

The American Government is taking steps to shut out the Roumanian Jews.

Filipino insurgents are getting to be more active in North and South Ilocos.

A widespread famine is imminent in the Transvaal and Orange Free State.

The ocean-going tug Slocum has arrived at San Francisco from New York.

The Filipinos are alleged to be offering rewards for the capture of Americans.

The sheriff at Hazleton, Pa., has forbidden miners to march in large bodies.

The great liner Deutschland has gone ashore at Pagnasund on the German coast.

A special agent of the mint declares that the Nome beach has been worked out.

The widow of George Law gave a \$10,000 dinner in Paris to marry titled guests.

Lord Strathecona says a wave of imperialism is sweeping the continent of Europe.

Nineteen Harvard professors are for McKinley, four for Bryan, and one undecided.

The Illinois Methodist conference has passed resolutions against the use of tobacco.

The Red Boy mine of Oregon has been sold to an English syndicate for \$2,000,000.

Charles Wheeler has resigned as treasurer of the Colorado & Southern Railway.

The coal strike shows little change, both strikers and owners holding their positions.

Lord Roberts has appointed General Maxwell Provisional Governor of the Transvaal.

Five arrests followed the discovery in Brussels of a plot against the life of Prince Albert.

The steamer Oceanic ran ashore on the Irish coast in a fog, but got off with little damage.

The British are reported to have defeated De Wet in Southern Orange River Colony.

Vancouver, B. C., laboring men are inaugurating a crusade against Chinese and Japanese.

Oswald Ottendorfer, the famous German actor of New York, has come out against Bryan.

A nine year old boy was burned at the stake in Trenton, N. J., while playing "Wild West."

Cornwallis West's relatives are reconciled to his marriage with Lady Randolph Churchill.

Rodolph, last year football on Stanford's football team, will play for California this year.

A big consignment of American steel rails is bound for New Zealand from Youngstown, Ohio.

Squating miners in the Lake Baikal region are giving the Russian Government much trouble.

A party of twenty-two six-foot Californians are on their way to Argentina to raise cattle.

Mrs. Jane K. Sather of Oakland has given the University of California property valued at \$100,000.

The divorce proceedings of the Hugh K. Normans of Newport and New York are to be discontinued.

Two Tartar generals have been degraded because of their defeat by the Russians in Manchuria.

The strike of the Denver woodworkers has been settled, and the closed mills will resume work.

Crops are reported to be in better condition in India. The plague is raging there worse than ever.

Amer Bland, an American mining man in Corea, was hacked to pieces by his native employees.

Pupils of San Bernardino High School are out on a strike as a result of differences with teachers.

William Thomas and George Goldworthy were killed by a blast in a Nevada City, Cal., mine.

Five American soldiers in the mountains of Luzon starved to death after escaping from the Tagala.

The Vanderbilts are rumored to have purchased the Rogers Locomotive Works at Paterson, N. J.

Bryan is speechifying through Illinois. In one day he made sixteen speeches in fifteen hours.

More than \$200,000,000 will be asked for the support of the army and navy during the next fiscal year.

It is rumored that the London Times will be sold to Alfred Harmsworth, and its price reduced to a penny.

The U S S Ranger went adrift in San Francisco bay and damaged the naval reserve ship Marlon's boats.

A woman has been arrested in Chicago for matching and ruining the hats of Jewish women on the street.

Surgeon General Sternberg's report on insanity in the army shows in 1899 but 133 cases among 155,540 men.

Mme. Perret, a rich French woman, lately deceased, has left a fortune of several million francs to President Loubet.

The Ordnance Board, U. S. A., has decided that disappearing gun carriages are not suited for elevated sites.

The British forces have re-occupied Smithfield, Rouxville, Weener and Lethbridge, Orange River Colony. The torpedo boat Somers, from New York, has arrived at Philadelphia.

The French war office has abolished compulsory dowry, thus removing a hindrance to officers' marriages.

James Howle, a miser worth \$100,000, died of starvation in New York. He had been living on 75 per week.

Miss Lottie Garretson of San Diego has filed suit for divorce against F. W. Garretson, a prominent San Diego lawyer who was convicted of perjury, goes to San Quentin for ten years.

A four year old boy of San Francisco, with a homicidal mania, has been sent to the Napa asylum for the insane.

"Lucky" Baldwin's daughter, Anita, has got a divorce from the man she married seven years ago on a tugboat.

Stewart Harold, an ex-opera singer, is accused of shooting a policeman in Fisher's Concert Hall, San Francisco.

Two miners were blown out to sea from Nome in an open boat, and were eight days adrift without water. They were killed when arrested.

W. B. Vanderbut Jr. has bet a New York dollar that he can run his auto from New York to Minneapolis in six days.

Romulo Robledo, former Minister of Justice, says Spain is near a revolution, and hints at a disposal of the republican cause.

The engagement of Miss Mamie McNutt of San Francisco, and Lieutenant Ashton Porter, of the Fourth Cavalry, is announced.

Chamberlain is severely criticized for the speech in which he said that every seat lost to the Government is a seat sold to the Boers.

The French second-class cruiser, Cécile, Rear Admiral Richard on board with a crew of 408 men, has arrived at New York from Cape Breton.

The will of Christian Fleidsted, an eccentric California pioneer, directs his widow to scatter his ashes and those of his first wife, on the ocean.

J. D. Dare, defaulting cashier of the California National Bank of San Diego, Cal., is president of a street railway company of Alexandria, Egypt.

Ex-Queen Natalie of Servia denounces the bride of her son who, she says, is pretty, narrow-minded and narrow-hearted, fifteen years his senior.

A submarine boat will search for the hull of the steamer Lexington, which was sunk by the German U-boat, a century ago with \$500,000 on board.

The abandoned British ship Nonpareil was sighted in mid-Atlantic, and a vain attempt was made to tow her to port. She was afterwards scuttled and set on fire.

President Errazuriz, of Chile, who was stricken with paralysis last June and is now in perfect health, has resumed control of the Government. Complete tranquillity prevails.

William Schreiber, an Elizabethport, N. J., bank clerk, is discovered to be a defaulter for \$100,000, and lived a life of pleasure at home as a student, and in New York as a millionaire.

Three persons, a father and two sons, named Tousalin, were burned to death in a shanty near Roxbury, Mass. Several years ago Tousalin's wife was burned to death in the same place.

The Baltimore Trust and Guarantee Company has made a deal involving the issue of over \$11,000,000 of stock and bonds, with the understanding that the contract will not be binding if Bryan wins.

The chief South American republics will participate in the Spanish-American Congress, to meet at Madrid next month. The Congress will strive to promote Spanish commercial competition with the United States.

Rev. Larkin A. Rockwell of Chicago invested his savings in Arizona mines, and now has a fortune of from \$500,000 to \$1,000,000. He will stay with his church, lift his mortgage and build a memorial structure to cost \$50,000.

A young woman, formerly an actress, has been arrested for smuggling \$400,000 worth of diamonds into this country. She starved her dog, then fed him diamonds concealed in fat, then took the animal across the line and killed him.

Senator Foraker will spend a year's income, of \$7,000,000, or \$8,000,000, to get a vindication in Montana. He is campaigning with a company of vaudeville players, and has paid James R. Sovereign \$10,000 to make labor speeches for him.

Mr. Krueger's grandson, Ellof, will sail for San Francisco on October 10th to prepare a residence in Brussels for the former president of the Transvaal. The latter will sail on the Dutch cruiser Gelderland a few days later.

It is announced that there were 20,000 spectators at the sixty-eighth production of the classic play at Oberammergau. The admission receipts totaled 1,200,000 marks, and it is estimated that the villagers received from the visitors about 4,000,000 marks.

An Atchison Kans. dispatch says The wife of Rev. Charles Meeder, of the Emmanuel Evangelical Church, near Farmington, jumped into a cistern with her three year old child about midnight, and both were drowned. Mrs. Meeder had shown signs of insanity.

It is estimated, according to the Pietermaritzburg correspondent of the Daily Mail, that from 4,000 to 5,000 Boers have retreated from Pilgrimage, Rest, northeast of Lydenburg, with four "long toms" and twenty-two other guns. The correspondent understands that their "long tom" ammunition is almost exhausted.

Out of 30,000 wounded in the Transvaal, 2,000 have actually returned to duty. Such quick recovery of such a large percentage of the wounded rather breaks down Baron Bloch's theory that a modern war is impossible, owing to its slaughter, though it is true that 10,000 British soldiers have found graves in South Africa.

Charles Broadway Rouss, the blind millionaire merchant, has abandoned all hope of ever regaining his eyesight. The numerous experiments made by specialists upon the eyes of James Martin, his paid substitute, in the hope of securing the \$1,000,000 reward offered by Rouss for a cure have afforded no relief and now all offers of reward have been withdrawn.

## Many A Mother's Wish.

Many a mother of a peevish, restless, sickly child has wished that her little one was as strong and rugged as an Indian babe. Such mothers can make their children strong and well, if they rid the child's system of worms, which cause nine-tenths of children's troubles. Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer will do it. For centuries the Indians used it to make their babies rugged, powerful, fearless. What it has done for the child of the forest it will do for the child of the civilized. That is what it has been doing for years. You can get it of your druggist for 25 cents. Be sure to get the genuine. The child's life is too precious to trifle with worthless substitutes. Hobson Drug Co., agents for Kickapoo Indian Remedies.

## DECLARED HOPELESS

A CASE IN WHICH LEARNED MEN WERE MISTAKEN.

Eleven Doctors Gave Mr. Mat Tanner, of Albany, but Six Weeks to Live. How he was Cured.

From the Albany (N. Y.) Journal.

Throughout the Empire State there are few persons not in public life who are better known than Mat Tanner, of Albany. He is a hale and hearty gentleman over six feet in height, straight as an arrow and with a kindly and engaging manner. Notwithstanding his desire to retire from active business, his well known skill as a veterinary surgeon is so largely in demand that he is still a very busy man.

For over thirty years Mr. Tanner was employed by the American Express Company at its office in Utica and Albany, and during that time he secured an important position in the mail route from Albany to New York and Buffalo. He has been a member of the Albany Express Company since its organization, and has been a member of the Albany Express Company since its organization, and has been a member of the Albany Express Company since its organization.

In 1890 I was taken with rheumatism, which began in my hips and gradually spread throughout my body. For two years and a half I was confined to my bed, and during that time employed nine of the best physicians in Albany, as well as two specialists from New York City. All the physicians declared my case hopeless and finally told me I had but six weeks to live. When the doctors had given me up, I told them to take their medicine away; that if I was to die anyway, I wanted to take no more of the stuff.

"A niece who was visiting me and who knew the good results attending the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People by her friends, strongly recommended me to try this remedy. One day she was in my room and said, 'Uncle Mat, I wish you would try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.' I said, 'All right, get a box.'

"She procured the pills and by the time I had used the first box I felt hungry. As I had had no appetite for a long time, I knew that the pills were doing me good. I continued their use, and after taking several boxes was able to leave my bed and go about with the use of crutches. Let me say right here that at that time I weighed but 145 pounds. As my normal weight is about 240 pounds you can see how run down I had become during my sickness. After taking thirteen boxes of the pills, I was weighed again and although less than a year had passed, I weighed 207 pounds. For some time I continued the use of the pills and finally was able to abandon the crutches altogether, and am now as well as ever.

"I vowed that I would always keep a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People near me and did so for a long time, taking a dose of the medicine whenever I did not feel as well as usual. For some time past, however, I have had no need of medicine of any kind.

"Nothing that you can say in favor of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People will be too strong for my case. In traveling about the State, I have frequently recommended the use of these pills to others, and have even bought them for those who were unable to procure them. In all my experience, with this medicine, I have not known of a single case in which it failed to effect a cure."

"MAT TANNER."

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 17th day of September, 1898.

NEILE F. TOWNNER  
Notary Public, Albany Co., N. Y.

Mr. Tanner told the reporter that, if anyone wishes to write him concerning his experience with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People he will gladly reply to all who will enclose a stamp.

All the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves are contained in a condensed form, in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They are also a specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexion, all forms of weakness either in male or female. These pills are sold by all dealers or will be sent post paid on receipt of the price \$2.50 (three are never so sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady New York.

## SMALL BOY SHOT.

Accidentally Receives a Bullet in the Breast From a Revolver.

Antone Bedal, a small Span's boy who lives with his father, Thomas Bedal, on the slopes of Punchbowl, was accidentally shot just over the heart by a boy companion named Pepe Pascasio yesterday morning. By good fortune the lad was not seriously injured. The two boys were playing with a revolver, according to the story told by the boy, and in some manner the weapon was turned toward Antone and he received a wound in the breast. He was taken to the house of Dr. Alvarez, and there the wound was treated.

When the lad's father returned in the evening he became alarmed at the occurrence and he took his son down to the police station, and from there he was hurriedly removed to the Queen's Hospital, for from the broken English of the father it was supposed that he was worse. On arriving at the hospital it was learned through Captain Fox, who had been hurriedly sent for, as interpreter, that the boy was not in a serious condition, and an examination showed that the wound had been well treated, so he was sent home again.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9.—C. Lacy Goodrich having resigned his position as purser of the steamer Coptic, the captain and staff of the Seaside Institute, at 31 Stuart street, have tendered to him their thanks for his efforts in having collected money for their organization. Through his and Captain Rinder's kindness during the last year \$400 was raised among the Coptic's passengers for the institute.

For sprains swelling and lameness there is nothing so good as Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Try It. For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson Smith & Co., Ltd. agents Hawaiian Territory.

Hair 55 Inches Long  
Grown by Cuticura.

MISS B—, of L—, sends us through our British Agents, Messrs. F. Newbery & Sons, 27 and 28, Charterhouse Square, London, E. C., a strand of soft, glossy hair cut from her own head and measuring fifty-five inches in length, of which the annexed drawing is a photographic fac-simile. She attributes her magnificent head of hair to frequent shampooing with Cuticura Soap, followed by light dressings of Cuticura gently rubbed into the scalp. Previous to the use of Cuticura, her hair was dry, thin, and lifeless, and came out in handfuls to such an extent that she feared she would lose it.

This is but one of many remarkable cases of the preservation and restoration of the hair in seemingly hopeless cases by warm emollient washes, and the following is a list of some of the most remarkable cures effected by Cuticura. The scalp of Cuticura is a powerful and healthy scalp, and the hair grows in a healthy state, and is healthy, soft, and abundant.

BILLIONS OF WOMEN use CUTICURA Soap exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour.

Consisting of CUTICURA Soap, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment, to instantly soothe itching, inflammation, and irritations, and soothe the scalp, and CUTICURA Resolvent, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humbling eruptions, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold through the world. Aust. Depot: R. Towns & Co., Sydney, N. S. W. So. Afr. and S. Am. Depot: J. F. Newbery & Sons, Ltd., Cape Town. "All about the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," free. PORTLAND CEMENT CO., Ltd., Sole Proprietors, CUTICURA PATENT, Boston, U. S. A.

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FOR SALE.

Three Second-Hand Double Drays.

Two Second-Hand Single Drays.

Two Second-Hand Farm Wagons.

Four Second-Hand Express Wagons.

All kinds Second-Hand Buggies.

All kinds Second-Hand Harness.

PRICES BELOW REASONABLE.

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BICYCLES  
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Blue Enamel and Guaranteed  
SINGLE OR DOUBLE TUBE TIRES

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Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist.  
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The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company, are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of  
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agts.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co.

OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co.

OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms  
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,  
General Agents.

General Insurance Co. for Sea,  
River and Land Transport,  
of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.  
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,  
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. CO.  
OF HAMBURG.

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and reserve, reinsurance  
Capital their reinsurance  
companies 101,650,000  
Total reinsurance 107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Co.  
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company  
and reserve, reinsurance  
Capital their reinsurance  
companies 85,000,000  
Total reinsurance 43,830,000

The undersigned, general agents of the above two companies, for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc.; also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

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